## ISOTOPIC SUBSTITUTION IN POLYATOMIC MOLECULES: COMPARATIVE LINE POSITION AND LINE STRENGTH ANALYSIS OF THE $\nu_2/\nu_4$ DYAD OF $^{12}$ CD $_4$ AND $^{13}$ CD $_4$

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A highly accurate ro–vibrational analysis of FTIR spectra (line positions of <sup>13</sup>CD<sub>4</sub> and line strengths of both the <sup>12</sup>CD<sub>4</sub> and <sup>13</sup>CD<sub>4</sub> species) is presented. The highresolution infrared spectra of both molecules were measured with a Bruker IFS125 HR Fourier transform infrared spectrometer at an optical resolution of 0.003 cm<sup>-1</sup> and analyzed in the regions of 800–1400 cm<sup>-1</sup> where the  $\nu_2/\nu_4$  dyad is located. The number of 901 transitions with  $J^{\text{max}}=23$  were assigned to the  $\nu_4$  and  $\nu_2$ bands of <sup>13</sup>CD<sub>4</sub>. The weighted fit of experimental line positions was made using the Hamiltonian model which takes into account the resonance interactions between the  $(0001, F_2)$  and (0100, E) vibrational states. As a result, set of 18 fitted parameters of the  $(0001, F_2)/(0100, E)$  vibrational states of <sup>13</sup>CD<sub>4</sub> was determined which reproduce the initial 901 experimental ro-vibrational line positions with the  $d_{\rm rms} = 2.59 \times 10^{-4} \ {\rm cm}^{-1}$ , which is close to the experimental uncertainty of the recorded spectra. The analysis of 1557 experimental lines of the dyad of <sup>12</sup>CD<sub>4</sub> and 131 lines of the dyad of <sup>13</sup>CD<sub>4</sub> was fulfilled with the Hartmann–Tran profile to simulate the measured line shape and to determine experimental line intensities. Sets of 6/1 varied effective dipole moment parameters of <sup>12</sup>CD<sub>4</sub>/<sup>13</sup>CD<sub>4</sub> are determined which reproduce the initial 1557/131 line strengths with the  $d_{\rm rms}=4.80\%$  and 4.21%.

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