## HIGH-RESOLUTION SPECTROSCOPY AND ANALYSIS OF THE 3 $\mu$ m REGION OF C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub> IN NATURAL ISOTOPIC ABUNDANCE.

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Ethylene is a natural gaseous compound present in the atmosphere of the Earth but also observed in the atmospheres of outer solar system bodies such as Neptune and Titan<sup>1</sup><sup>2</sup>. Optical remote sensing of this species in these environments requires knowledge of spectroscopic parameters characterizing its spectrum. Such an information is compiled in databases,<sup>3,4</sup> their improvement being a long-lasting, constant effort.

We present here a detailed analysis and modeling of the strongly absorbing  $\nu_9$ and  $\nu_{11}$  fundamental bands of C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub> observed in the 3  $\mu$ m region. Due to the complexity of the observed spectrum, we have built a reasonably complex polyad scheme that includes some fundamental and combination bands previously analyzed using the tensorial formalism developed in Dijon for asymmetric-top molecules<sup>5</sup>. A fourpolyad system has been used to analyze a region where mainly five rovibrational modes:  $\nu_9$ ,  $\nu_{11}$ ,  $\nu_2 + \nu_{12}$ ,  $\nu_2 + \nu_{10}$ , and  $2\nu_{10} + \nu_{12}$  of the ethylene emerge. A first frequency analysis has been performed, providing 3328 assignments and 87 adjusted parameters with a root mean square of  $5.9 \times 10^{-3}$  cm<sup>-1</sup> and a standard deviation of  $2.0 \times 10^{-3}$  cm<sup>-1</sup>. The line intensities were then fitted with a root mean square deviation of 1.9%, using parameters determined from the analysis of the line positions. The band intensities were also determined and compared with previous work. A new line list of calculated lines in the 2900-3300 cm<sup>-1</sup> region will be proposed to

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>G.S. Orton et al, *Icarus*, **70**, 1-12, (1987)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>A. Coustenis et al, *Icarus*, **124**, 54-76, (1989)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>I.E. Gordon et al, J. Quant. Spectrosc. Radiat. Transf., 277, 107949, (2022)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>T. Delahaye *et al.*, *J. Mol. Spectrosc*, **380**, 111510, (2021)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>J.P. Champion et al, Academic Press Inc., 339-422, (1992)

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be added to the ECasDa,  $\rm HITRAN^6,$  and GEISA databases^7.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>I.E. Gordon et al, *J. Quant. Spectrosc. Radiat. Transf.*, **277**, 107949, (2022) <sup>7</sup>T. Delahaye et al, *J. Mol. Spectrosc*, **380**, 111510, (2021)